

Topic: Protein Synthesis - Sentence Activity

**Summary:** Students will simulate transcription and translation by building a sentence/polypeptide from words/amino acids.

**Goals & Objectives:** Students will be able to model the process of transcription and translation in protein synthesis and explain the importance of amino acid sequences.

**Standards:** CA Biology *4a. Students know* the general pathway by which ribosomes synthesize proteins, using tRNAs to translate genetic information in mRNA. 4b. *Students know* how to apply the genetic coding rules to predict the sequence of amino acids from a sequence of codons in RNA. 4e. *Students know* proteins can differ from one another in the number and sequence of amino acids. 5b. *Students know* how to apply base-pairing rules to explain precise copying of DNA during semiconservative replication and transcription of information from DNA into mRNA.

## Time Length: 60 minutes

Prerequisite Knowledge: DNA base pairing, enzymes, amino acids, proteins, ribosomes.

## Materials:

Three mRNA strips of paper per group DNA molecules – cut out each molecule Photocopy the anti-codons on one side and on the backside photocopy the following amino acid / word page Scissor to cut out the DNA, tRNA and mRNA cards Paper and pencil to write the sentences Scotch tape

## **Activity Setup:**

*Nucleus*: On a table in the back of the room, tape the cut out DNA molecules to the table. Tape the label "Nucleus" on top of the table. You can chose to use the provided DNA code with the sentences in the teacher key or change the code around to make new sentences. You can also choose to write in your own words for the back of the tRNA cards.

*Cytoplasm:* Tape the cytoplasm label on the white board in the front of the room. Tape the tRNAs with the anti-codon facing the student onto the board. The word and associated amino acid should be facing the board so that the students cannot see the word.

Ribosomes: Tape the ribosome labels on each student desk.



## **Procedures:**

1. Group the student in pairs of two. It is better if they share a table or have them move single desks together to create one table. Explain the instructions to the students.

2. One student in the group is to go to the nucleus with the mRNA paper and transcribe the DNA code from the nucleus to the mRNA molecule. He or she will write down the codons onto the spaces provided--three letters per underline space. He or she will then return to their desk and place the code onto the ribosome.

3. The other partner then translates the code and goes to the white board to get the tRNA with the corresponding anti-codon. The student takes the tRNA card from the board and brings it to the ribosome. The other student then writes the word on the back of the tRNA card onto their piece of paper. The tRNA student returns the card back to the white board.

4. The process repeats until a sentence is ended with the word STOP.

5. Students are going to make three sentences.

Accommodations: Students who are not able to walk can stay at their seat and perform the duties at the ribosome, while the other student performs the walking duties. Students with an IEP can make one sentence or transcribe and translate one or two codons instead of the amount required for a sentence.

## **Evaluation:**

Each correct sentence is worth 10 points each. The assignment is worth a total of 30 points.

		U	С	Α	G	•	
		GUG = will	GCG = in	GAG = best	GGG = today	G	
	G	GUA = think	GCA = my	GAA = bad	GGA = vacation	Α	
		GUC = enjoy	GCC = go	GAC = not	GGC = about	C	
-		GUU = science	GCU = all	GAU = cool	GGU = class	Γυ	0
e		AUG = START	ACG = you	AAG = want	AGG = teacher	G	s e
s t B		AUA = school	ACA = the	AAA = from	AGA = synthesis	Α	a
		AUC = what	ACC = can	AAC = DNA	AGC = sleeping	C	В
		AUU = this	ACU = fun	AAU = life	AGU = summer	Γυ	-
	с	CUG = protein	CCG = so	CAG = it	CGG = student	G	d
		CUA = double	CCA = be	CAA = your	CGA = studying	A	3
		CUC = have	CCC = is	CAC = read	CGC = learning	C	2
		CUU = genetic	CCU = I	CAU = acid	CGU = sequence	Γυ	
	U	UUG = helix	UCG = for	UAG = STOP	UGG = college	G	
		UUA = do	UCA = are	UAA = STOP	UGA = STOP	A	
		UUC = learn	UCC = to	UAC = study	UGC = here	C	
		UUU = code	UCU = a	UAU = amino	UGU = eating	U	



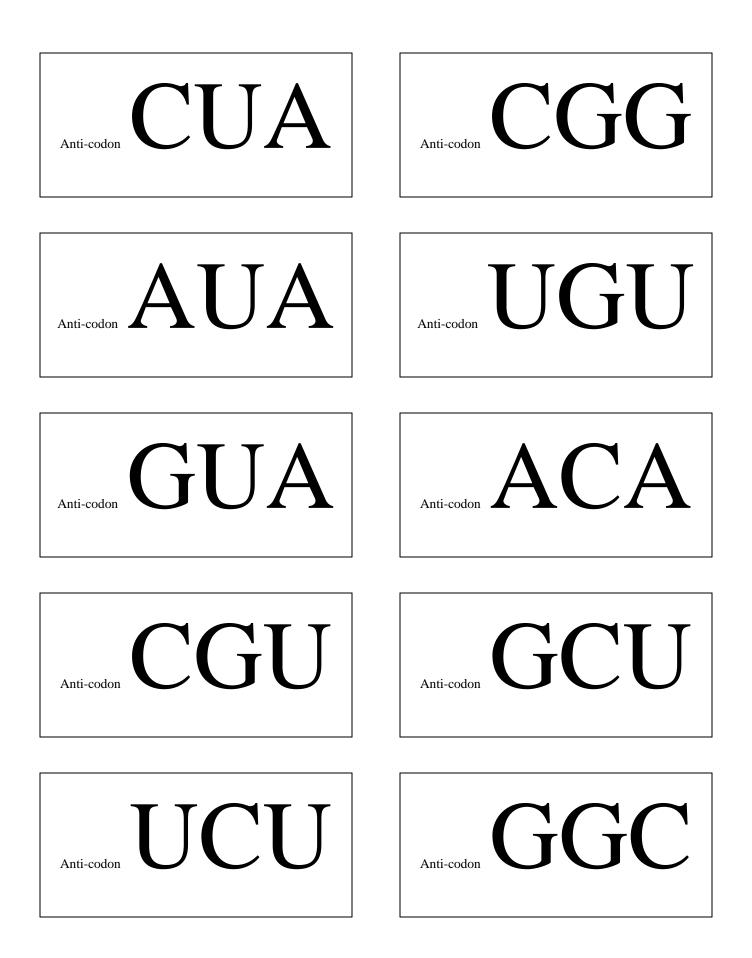
# **Teacher Key**

## mRNA codons

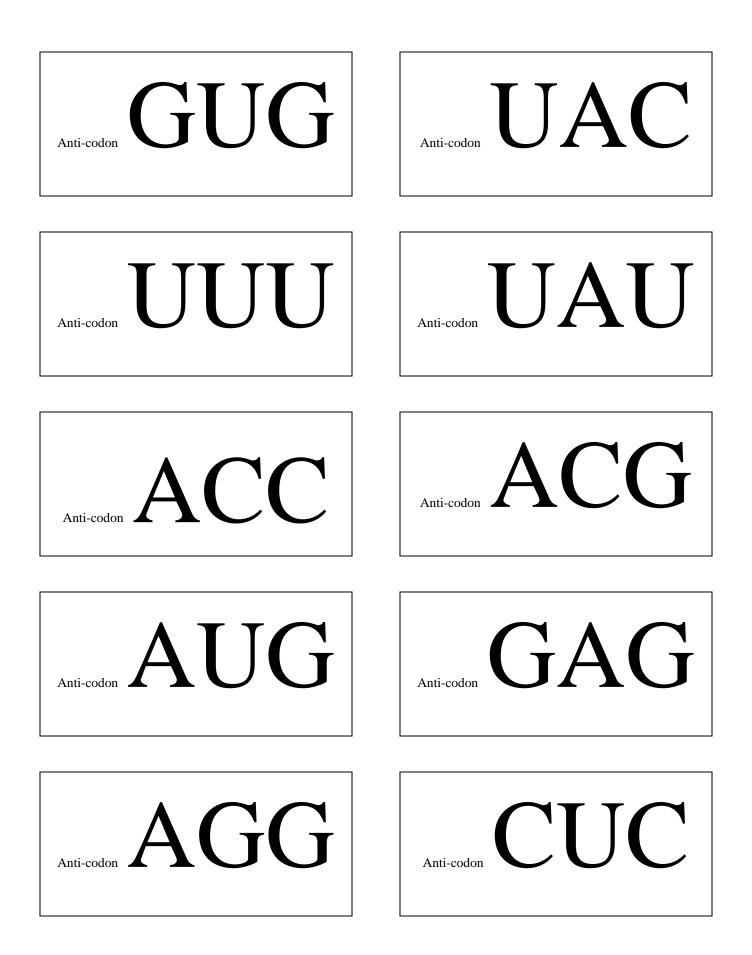
- 1. AUG CCU GUC CGC GGC GUU GCG AUA UGA
- $2. \quad AUG-CUG-AGA-CCC-ACU-UCC-UAC-UAA$
- 3. AUG ACA CUA UUG CCC CCG GAU UCC UUC UAG
- 4. AUG ACG ACC CUC UCU ACU AGU GGA UAG
- 5. AUG AUU AUA CCC GAG- UCG CGA UCG UGG UAA
- $6. \quad AUG-CCU-GUC-CGA-ACA-CUU-UUU-UAG\\$
- 7. AUG AAU CCC- GCU GGC ACA AAC UUU UGA
- 8. AUG AGC GCG GGU CCC- GAA UCG CGC UAA
- 9. AUG CGA GUU GUG CCA GAU GCG UGG UAG
- 10. AUG CCU GUA GCA AGU GGA GUG CCA ACU UAG

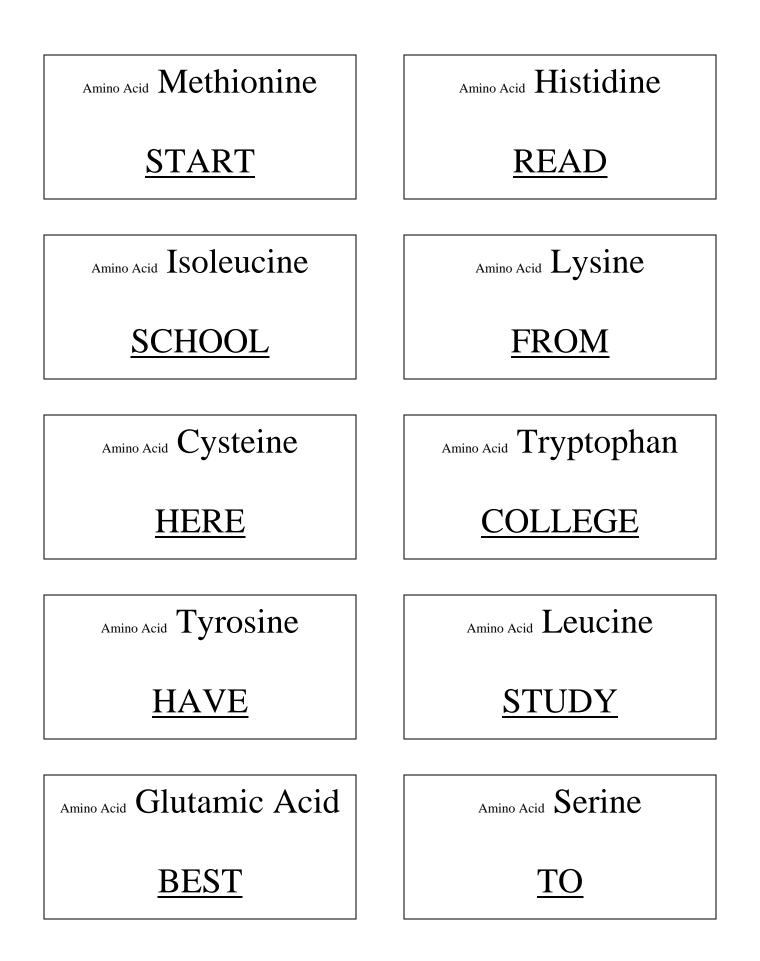
### Sentences

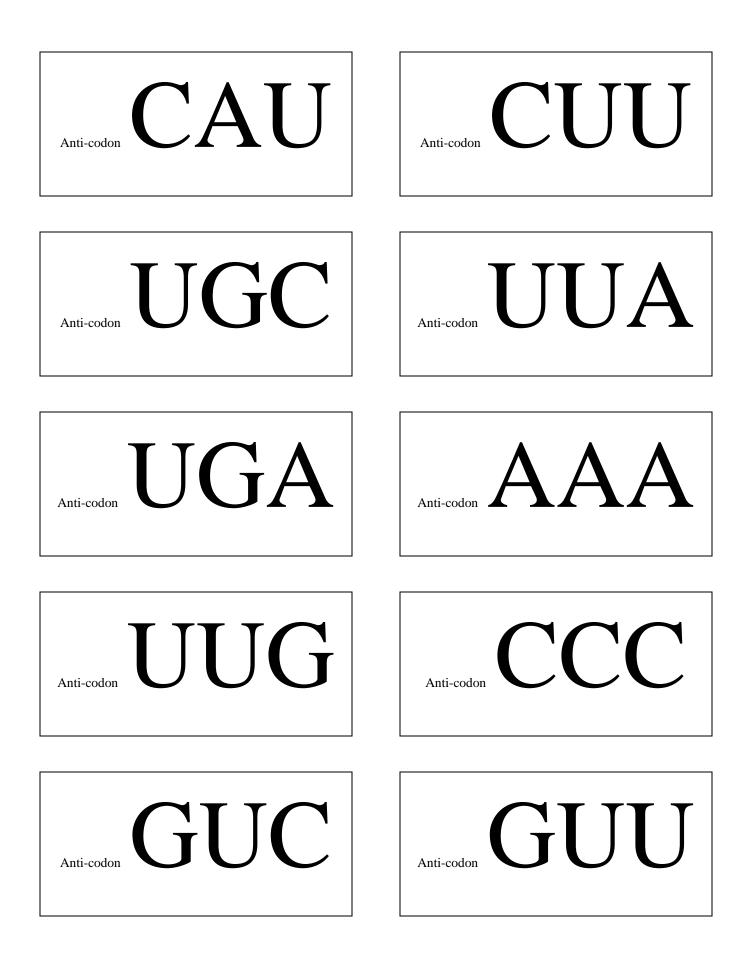
- 1. START I enjoy learning about science in school STOP
- 2. START Protein synthesis is fun to study STOP
- 3. START The double helix is so cool to learn STOP
- 4. START You can have a fun summer vacation STOP
- 5. START This school is best for studying for college STOP
- 6. START I enjoy studying the genetic code STOP
- 7. START Life is all about the DNA code STOP
- 8. START Sleeping in class is bad for learning STOP
- 9. START Studying science will be cool in college STOP
- 10. START I think my summer vacation will be fun STOP

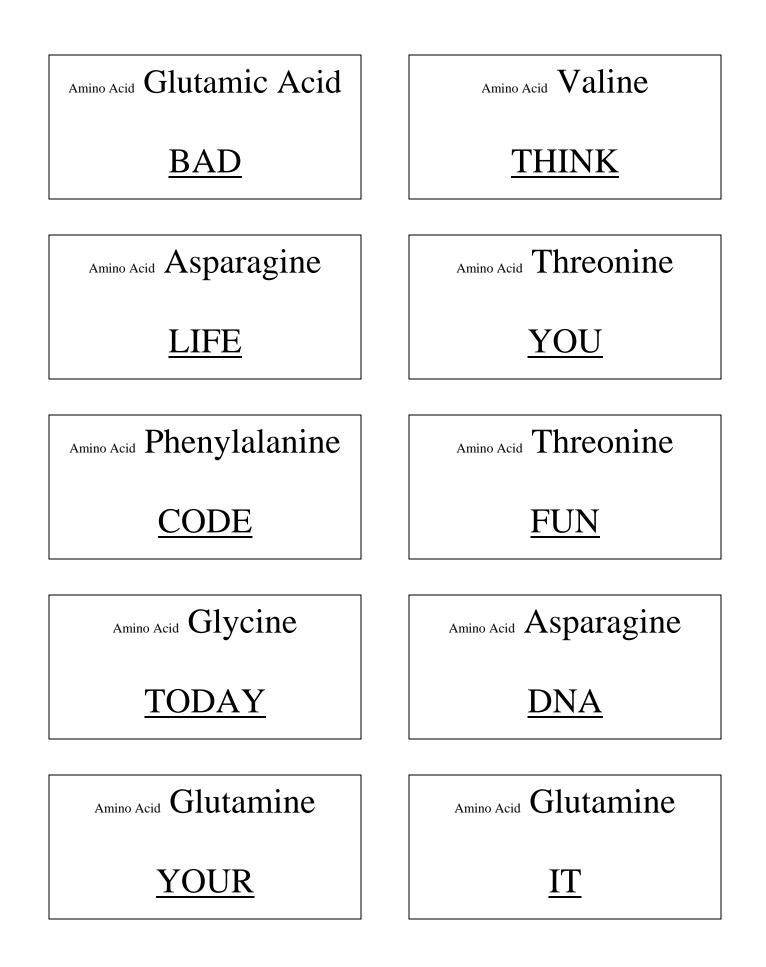


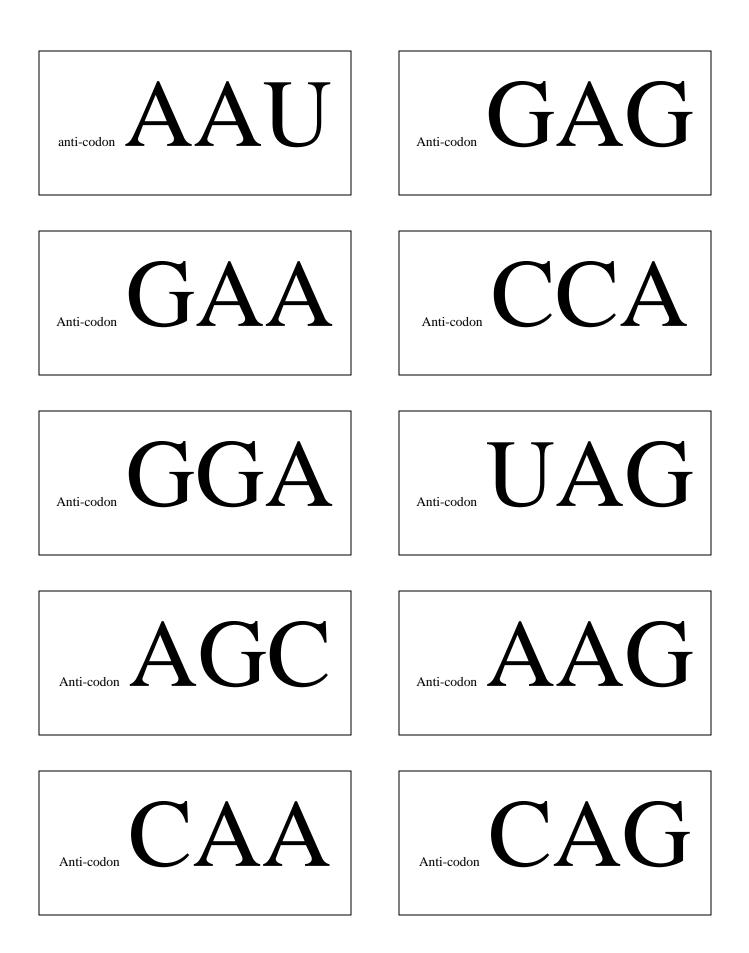


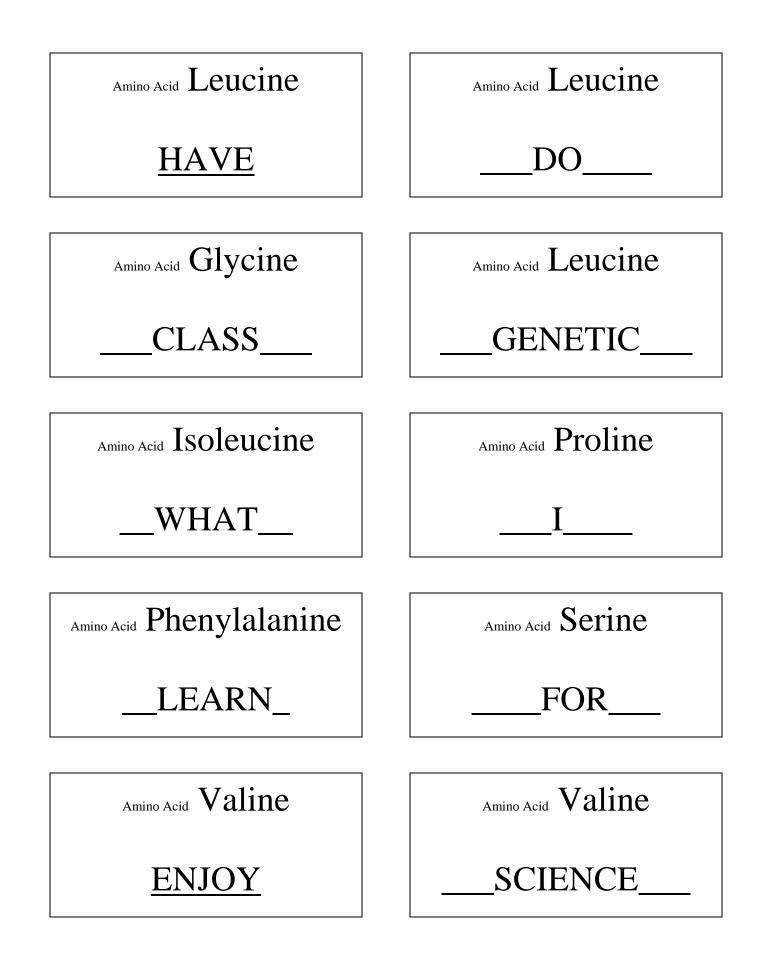


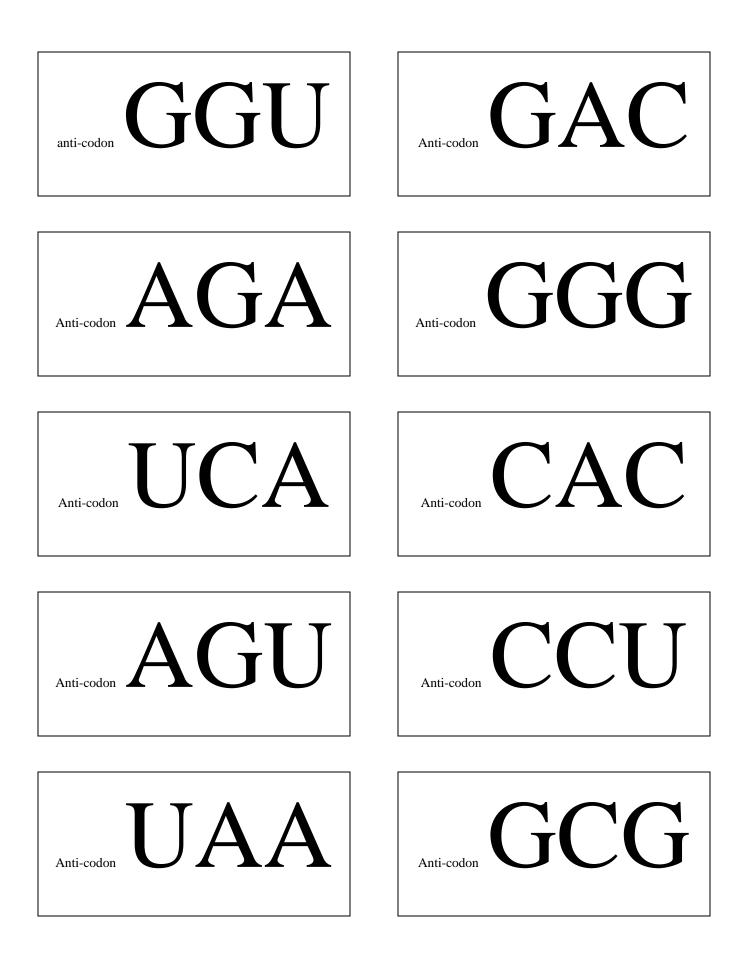


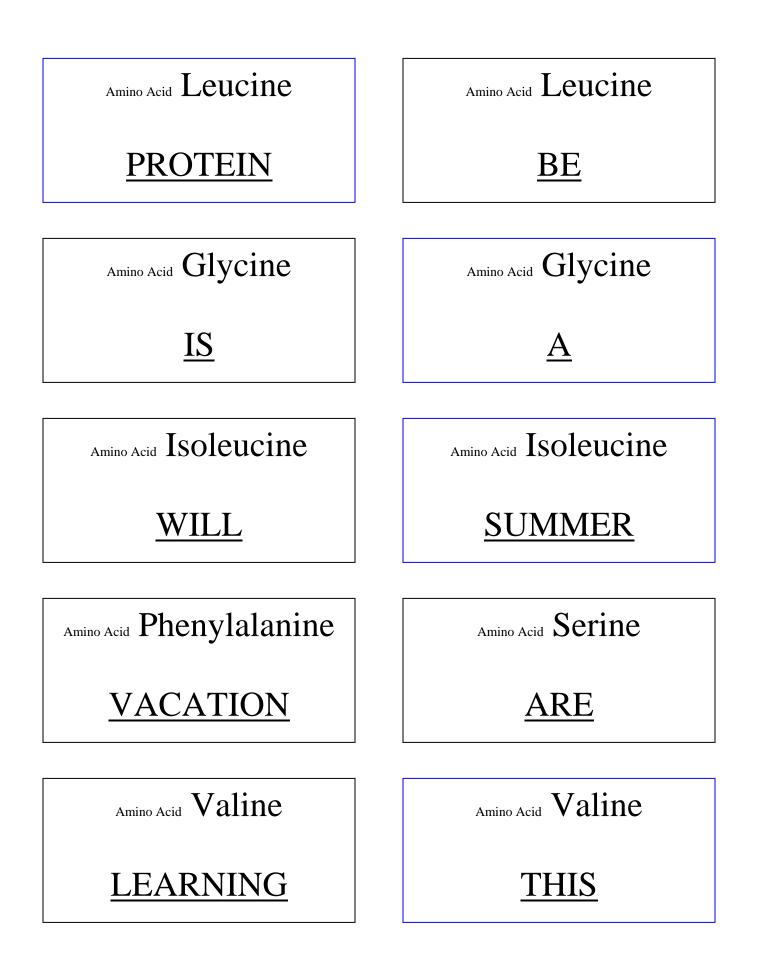


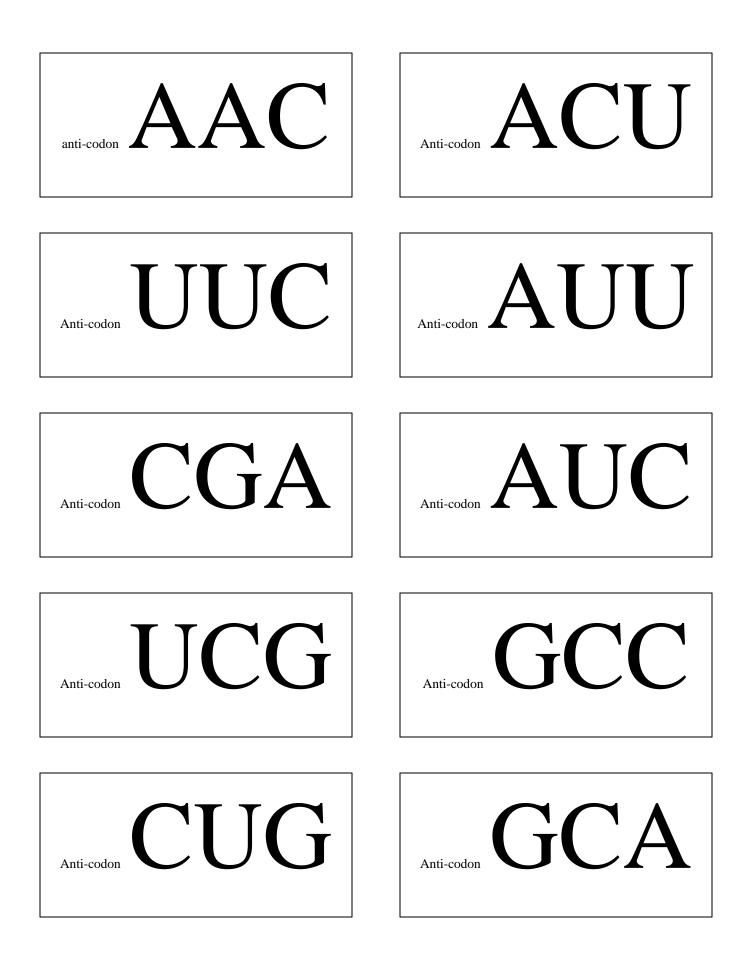


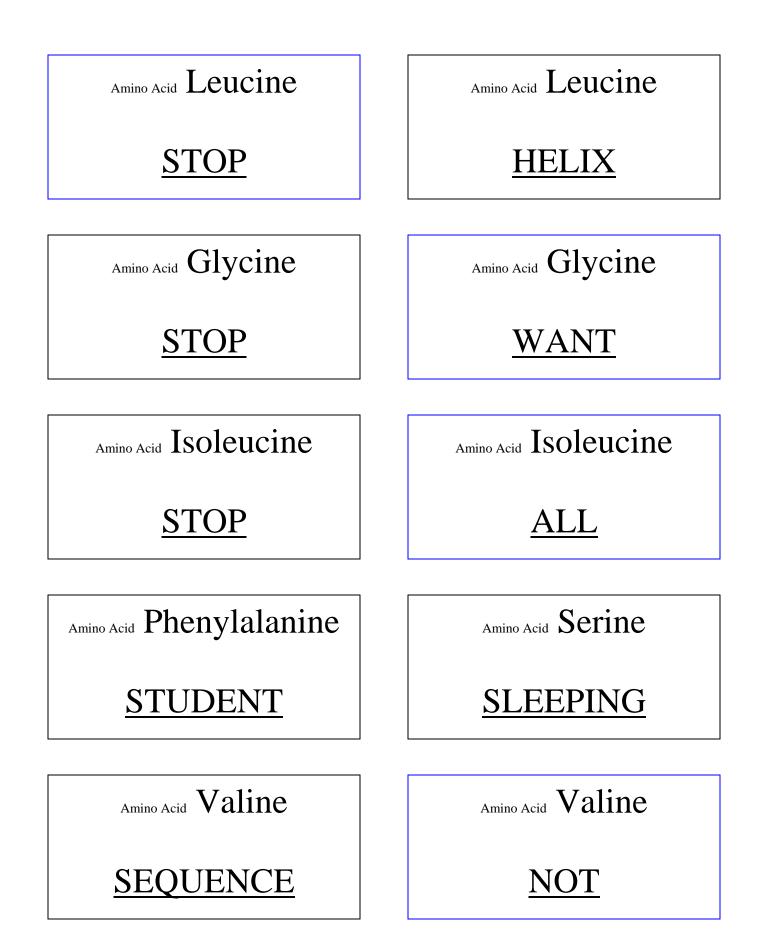


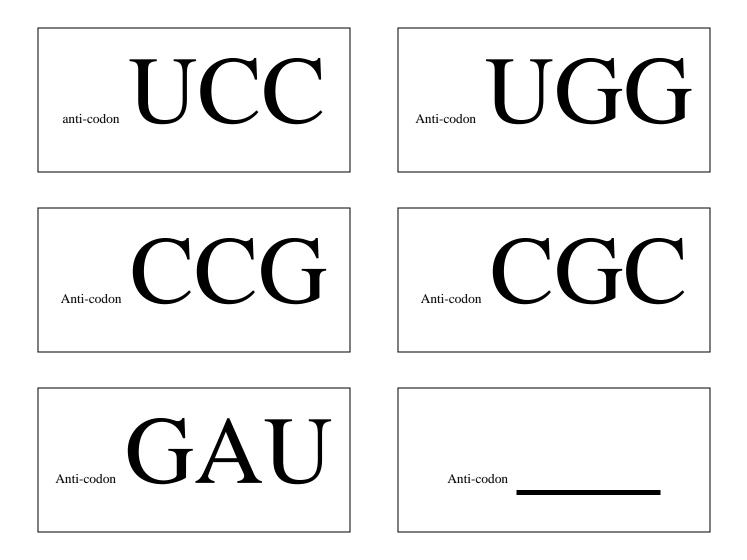


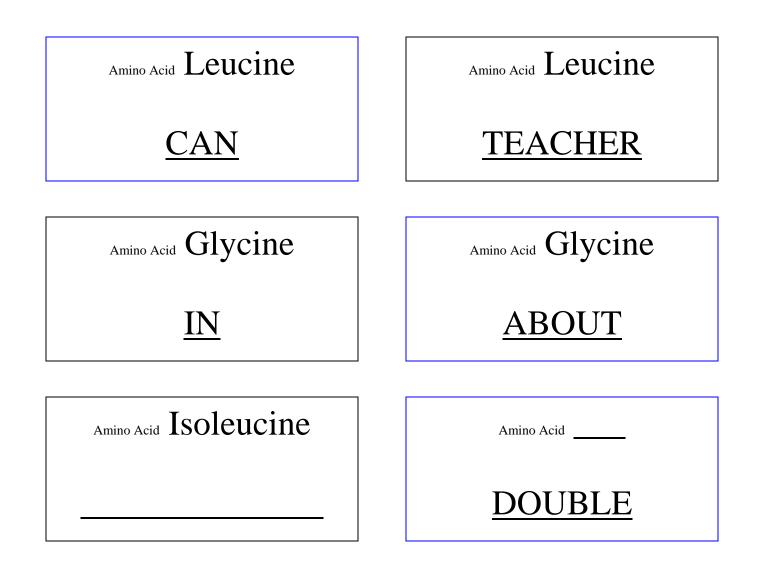












mRNA codons

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mRNA codons

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mRNA codons

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mRNA codons

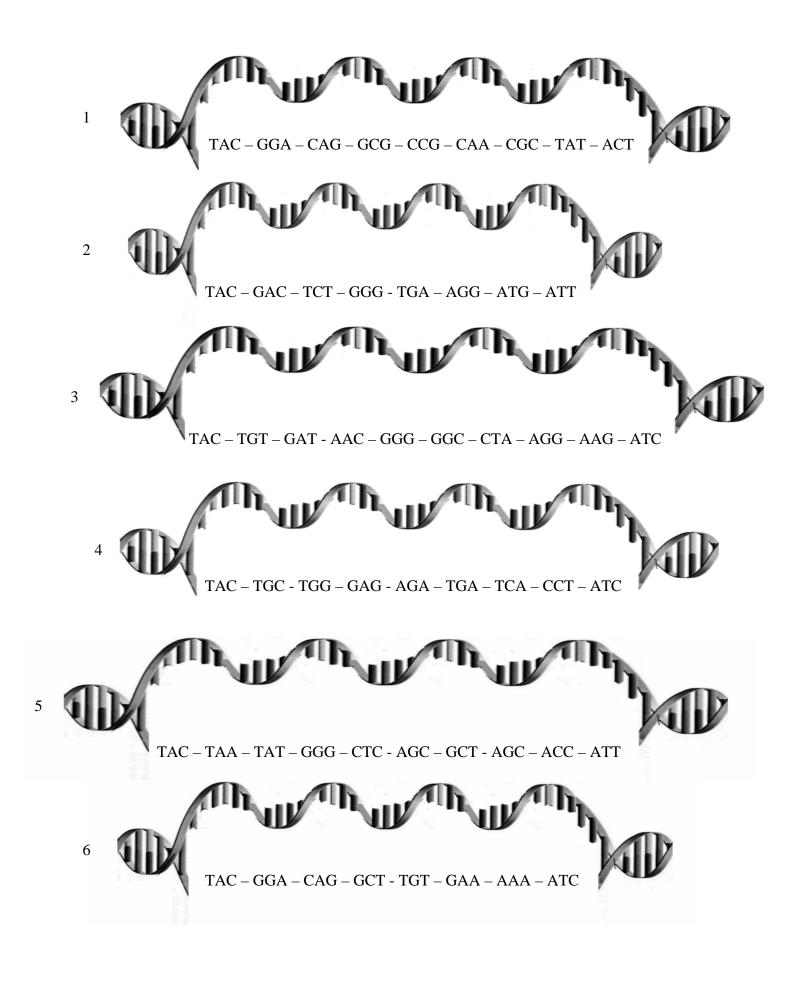
mRNA codons

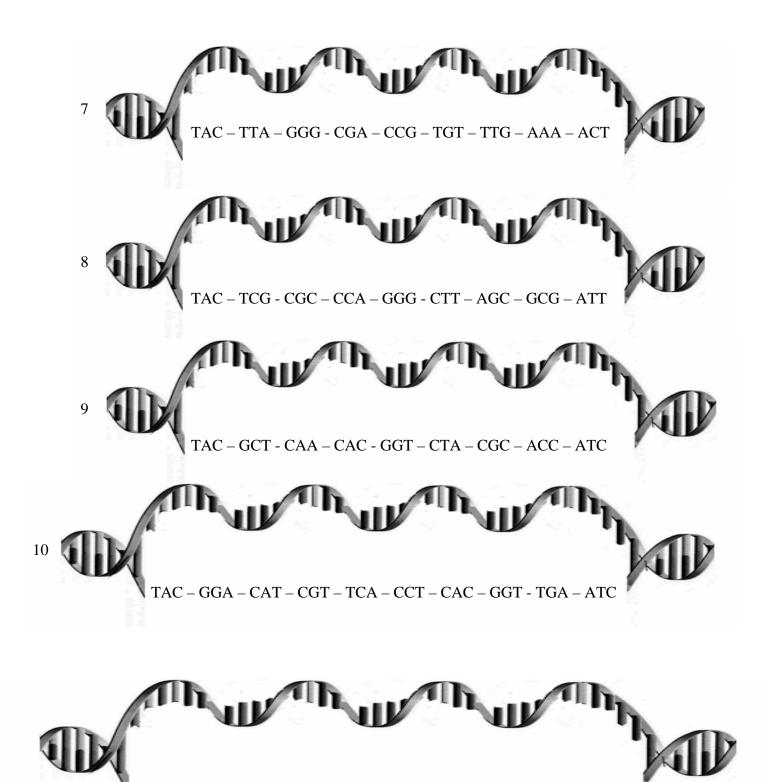
mRNA codons

mRNA codons

mRNA codons

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Found in the Cytoplasm

